Entanglement-Assisted Capacity of Quantum Multiple Access Channels

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• Applying generalized Pauli matrices to the maximally entangled state, this gives the maximally mixed state.

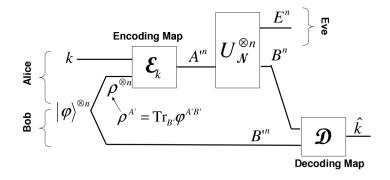
$$\frac{1}{d^2}\sum_{m=1}^{d^2} (U_m \otimes I) \Phi^{AB} (U_m^{\dagger} \otimes I) = \pi^A \otimes \pi^B$$

• Transpose Trick

$$(I^A\otimes U^B)|\Phi
angle^{AB}=(U^{tr\;A}\otimes I^B)|\Phi
angle^{AB}$$

- Gentle Coherent Measurement
- Packing Lemma

- Prior to this paper, HSW was used to achieve the capacity $R = I(A; B)_{\theta}$
- The packing lemma and other tools achieve the same capacity.



The new proof gives additional properties of the code

- i) Tr {[$\mathcal{D}_k \circ ((\mathcal{N}^{\otimes n} \circ \mathcal{E}_k) \otimes I)](\varphi^{\otimes n})$ } $\geq 1 \epsilon$;
- ii) the encoded density operator satisfies $\mathcal{E}_k(
 ho^{\otimes n})=
 ho^{\otimes n}$
- iii) $\|[(\mathcal{D} \otimes I^{E^n}) \circ ((U_{\mathcal{N}}^{\otimes n} \circ \mathcal{E}_k) \otimes I) (U_{\mathcal{N}}^{\otimes n} \otimes I)](\varphi^{\otimes n})\| \leq \epsilon$ where \circ represents composition of two maps.

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Theorem

Theorem

Consider a quantum multiple access channel $\mathcal{M}:A'B'\to C.$ For some states $\rho_1^{A'}$ and $\rho_2^{B'}$ define

$$heta^{ABC} = (I^{AB} \otimes \mathcal{M})(\varphi_1^{AA'} \otimes \varphi_2^{BB'})$$

where $|\varphi_1\rangle^{AA'}$ and $|\varphi_2\rangle^{BB'}$ are purifications of $\rho_1^{A'}$ and $\rho_2^{B'}$ respectively. Define the two-dimensional region $C_E(\mathcal{M}, \rho_1, \rho_2)$ by the set of pairs of nonnegative rates (R_1, R_2) satisfying

$$egin{aligned} R_1 &\leq I(A; C|B)_ heta\ R_2 &\leq I(B; C|A)_ heta\ R_1 + R_2 &\leq I(AB; C)_ heta. \end{aligned}$$

Define $\tilde{C}_{E}(\mathcal{M})$ as the union of the $C_{E}(\mathcal{M}, \rho_{1}, \rho_{2})$ regions taken over all states ρ_{1}, ρ_{2} .

Theorem (cont.)

Then the entanglement-assisted capacity region $C_E(\mathcal{M})$ is given by the regularized expression

$$C_E(\mathcal{M}) = \overline{\bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n} \tilde{C}_E(\mathcal{M}^{\otimes n})}$$

where the bar indicates taking closure. There is an additional single-letter upper bound on the sum rate

$$R_1+R_2\leq \max_{\rho_1,\rho_2}I(AB;C)_{\theta}.$$

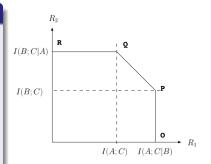
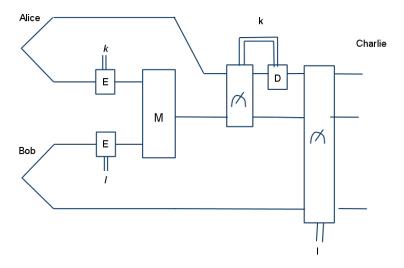


Figure: Capacity region of multiple access channel for fixed input states ρ_1 and ρ_2

The Channel

This is what it looks like



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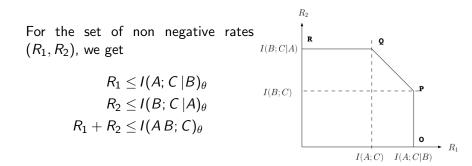
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Means that Charlie will decode Alice's message then Bob's.

To the chalk board ...

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The collective phase-flip channel is defined as

$$\mathcal{M}_p(\rho) = \sum_{k=0}^{d-1} p_k(\hat{Z}(k) \otimes \hat{Z}(k)) \rho(\hat{Z}(k) \otimes \hat{Z}(k))^{\dagger}$$

When studying $\theta^{ABC} = (I^{AB} \otimes \mathcal{M}_p)(\Phi^{AA'} \otimes \Phi^{BB'})$, we get the following capacity for all pairs of nonnegative rates (R_1, R_2) which satisfy

$$egin{aligned} R_1 &\leq 2 \log d \ R_2 &\leq 2 \log d \ R_1 + R_2 &\leq 4 \log d - H(p). \end{aligned}$$

• Can we single letterize the following

 $R_1 \leq I(A:C|B)_{\theta}$ $R_2 \leq I(B:C|A)_{\theta}$

- Can we find a counter example to additivity to show that we aren't able to single letterize the above?
- Or are we able to do simultaneous decoding?
- If it is possible, to extend this to a multiway channel, *s* senders and *r* receivers?